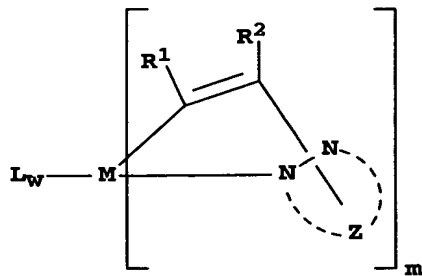


Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Original) An electroluminescent device comprising a light-emitting layer containing a phosphorescent light emitting material that contains an organometallic complex comprising a metal selected from the group consisting of Ir, Rh, Os, Pt, and Pd and a pyrazole compound fused with at least one aromatic ring.
2. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the metal is Ir.
3. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the pyrazole compound is further substituted with a substituent that has at least one double bond.
4. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the pyrazole compound is further substituted with a five or six-membered aromatic ring.
5. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the light emitting material is represented by Formula (1):



(1)

wherein:

Z represents the atoms necessary to form a pyrazole ring group that is fused to at least one aromatic ring group;

M is a coordinated metal selected from the group consisting of Ir, Rh, Pt, and Pd;

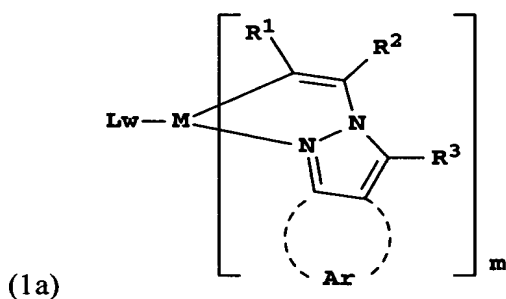
m is 1, 2 or 3 when M is Ir or Rh and m is 1 or 2 when M is Pt or Pd;

L represents an independently selected ligand group;

w is 0- 4 as necessary in order to satisfy a 6 coordination sites when M is Ir, Rh, or Os, and w is 0- 2 as necessary in order to satisfy 4 coordination sites when M is Pt or Pd; and

R^1 and R^2 represent substituent groups, provided that R^1 and R^2 may form a ring group.

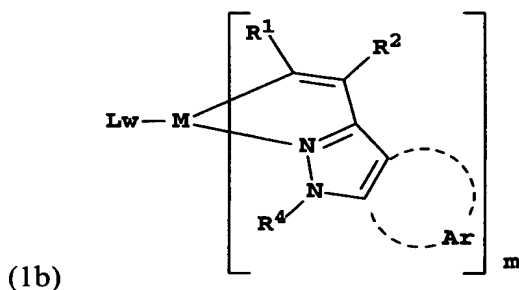
6. (Original) The device of claim 5 wherein M is Ir.
7. (Original) The device of claim 6 wherein w is 0 and m is 3.
8. (Original) The device of claim 5 wherein R^1 and R^2 represent the atoms necessary to join to form a six-membered aromatic ring group.
9. (Original) The device of claim 6 wherein R^1 and R^2 represent the atoms necessary to join to form a six-membered aromatic ring group.
10. (Original) The device of claim 5 wherein the light-emitting material is represented by Formula (1a):



wherein:

M, L, w, m, R^1 , and R^2 are as defined in claim 5;
 Ar represents the atoms necessary to form an aromatic ring group; and
 R^3 represents hydrogen or a substituent group.

11. (Original) The device of claim 5 wherein the light-emitting material is represented by Formula (1b):

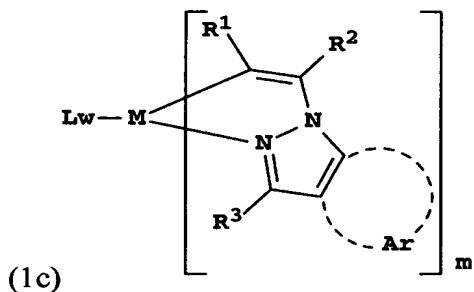


wherein:

M, L, w, m, R^1 , and R^2 are as defined in claim 5;

Ar represents the atoms necessary to form an aromatic ring group; and
 R^4 represents H or a substituent group.

12. (Original) The device of claim 5 wherein the light-emitting layer contains a light emitting compound of Formula (1c),

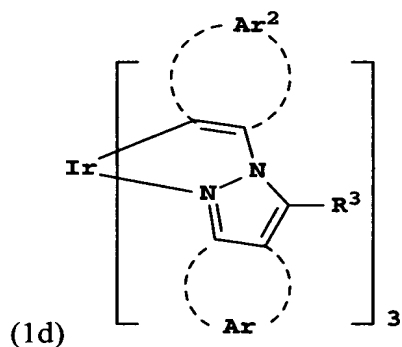


wherein:

M, L, w, m, R^1 , R^2 are as defined in claim 5;

Ar represents the atoms necessary to form an aromatic ring group; and
 R^3 represents H or a substituent group.

13. (Original) The device of claim 5 wherein the light-emitting material is represented by Formula (1d):



wherein:

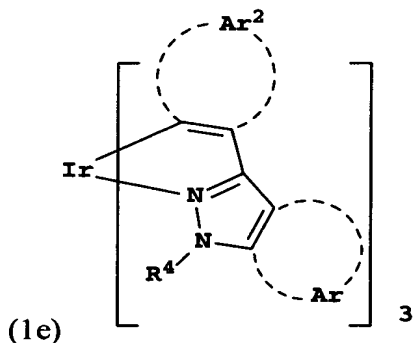
Ar represents the atoms necessary to form an aromatic ring group;

R^3 is H or a substituent;

Ar^2 represents the atoms necessary to form a five or six membered aromatic ring group.

14. (Original) The device of claim 13 wherein Ar and Ar^2 independently represent the atoms necessary to form a benzene ring group and R^3 represents a six-membered aromatic ring group which may include additional fused rings.

15. (Original) The device of claim 5 wherein the light-emitting material is represented by Formula (1e)



wherein:

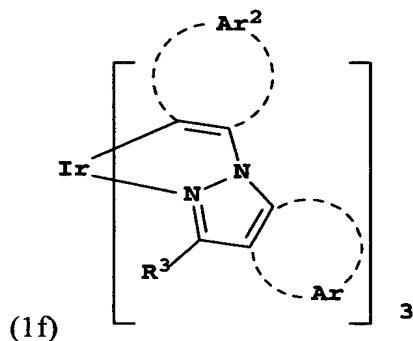
Ar represents the atoms necessary to form an aromatic ring group;

R⁴ is H or a substituent;

Ar² represents the atoms necessary to form a five or six membered aromatic ring group.

16. (Original) The device of claim 15 wherein Ar and Ar² independently represent the atoms necessary to form a benzene ring group and R⁴ represents a six-membered aromatic ring group which may include additional fused rings.

17. (Original) The device of claim 5 wherein the light-emitting material is represented by Formula (1f):



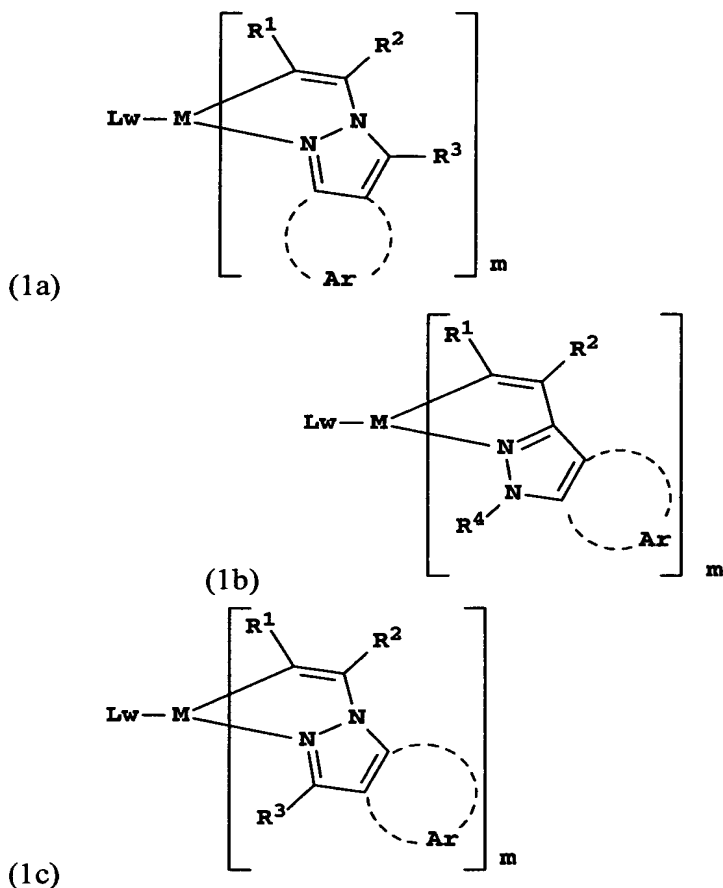
wherein:

Ar and Ar² independently represent the atoms necessary to form a benzene ring group and R⁴ represents a six-membered aromatic ring group which may include additional fused rings.

18. (Original) The device of claim 17 wherein Ar and Ar² independently represent the atoms necessary to form a benzene ring group and R³

represents a six-membered aromatic ring group which may include additional fused rings.

19. (Original) The device of claim 5 wherein the light-emitting layer contains a light emitting material of Formula (1a), (1b), or (1c),



wherein:

M is a coordinated metal selected from the group consisting of Ir, Rh, Pt, and Pd;

m is 1 or 3 when M is Ir or Rh and m is 1 or 2 when M is Pt or Pd;

L represents an independently selected ligand group;

w is 0- 4 as necessary in order to satisfy a 6 coordination sites when M is Ir, Rh, or Os, and w is 0- 2 as necessary in order to satisfy 4 coordination sites when M is Pt or Pd; and

R¹ and R² represent substituent groups, provided that R¹ and R² may form a ring group;

R³ and R⁴ independently represent H or a substituent; and

Ar represents the atoms necessary to form an aromatic ring group.

20.-22. Canceled

23. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the emitting material is a dopant compound disposed in a host material.

24. (Original) The device of claim 23 wherein the dopant compound is present in an amount of up to 15 wt% based on the host.

25. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the light-emitting material is part of a polymer.

26. (Original) The device of claim 1 including a means for emitting white light.

27. (Original) The device of claim 26 including a filtering means.

28. (Original) The device of claim 1 including a fluorescent emitting material.

29. (Currently amended) A display comprising the ~~OLED~~ device of claim 1.

30. (Currently amended) An area lighting device comprising the ~~OLED~~ device of claim 1.

31. (Original) A process for emitting light comprising applying a potential across the device of claim 1.